

8 酒税 (令和元年度版) 正誤表

8 酒税 概要

8 酒税
Liquor tax

- (1) 令和元年度における酒税の税額は1兆1,805億円(前年1兆2,072億円)で、前年に比べて267億円(伸び率△2.2%)減少している。
また、販売(消費)数量は813万kl(前年825万kl)で、前年に比べて11万kl(伸び率△1.4%)減少している(第21表参照)。
The amount of liquor tax for FY 2019 is 1,180.5 billion yen, which is 26.7 billion yen less (rate of increase: -2.2%) than the previous year (1,207.2 billion yen).
The volume of sales (consumption) is 813 million kl, which is 11 million kl less (rate of increase: -1.4%) than the previous year (825 million kl) (see Table 21).

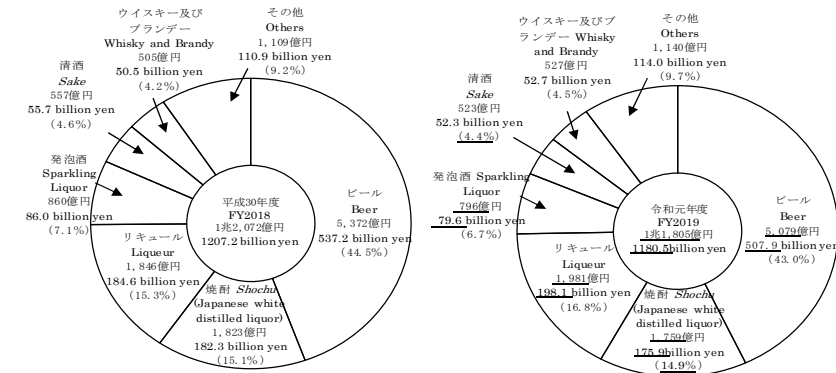
(第21表) 酒税の税額、販売(消費)数量
Table 21: Amount of liquor tax, Volume of sales (consumption)

区分 Type	税額 Amount of tax	伸び率 Growth rate	販売数量 (消費) Volume of sales (consumption)	
			伸び率 Growth rate	伸び率 Growth rate
	億円 100 million yen	%	kl	%
平成26年度 2014	12,487	△ 3.2	8,331,433	△ 3.0
27 2015	12,603	0.9	8,475,607	1.7
28 2016	12,465	△ 1.1	8,411,874	△ 0.8
29 2017	12,299	△ 1.3	8,373,636	△ 0.5
30 2018	12,072	△ 1.8	8,245,929	△ 1.5
令和元 2019	11,805	△ 2.2	8,130,971	△ 1.4

- (2) 税額を品目等別に前年と比べると、リキュールは1,846億円から1,981億円(構成比16.8%)へと135億円(伸び率7.3%)、ウイスキー及びブランデーは505億円から527億円(構成比4.5%)へと22億円(伸び率4.3%)増加している。これに対し、ビールは5,372億円から5,079億円(構成比43.0%)へと293億円(伸び率△5.5%)、焼酎は1,823億円から1,759億円(構成比14.9%)へと64億円(伸び率△3.5%)、発泡酒は860億円から796億円(構成比6.7%)へと64億円(伸び率△7.5%)、清酒は557億円から523億円(構成比4.4%)へと34億円(伸び率△6.2%)減少している(第22図参照)。

Compared to the previous year, the amount of tax revenue by item of alcoholic beverage changed as follows: Liqueur increased by 13.5 billion yen (rate of increase: 7.3 %) from 184.6 billion yen to 198.1 billion yen (component ratio: 16.8%); Whisky and Brandy increased by 2.2 billion yen (rate of increase: 4.3%) from 50.5 billion yen to 52.7 billion yen (component ratio: 4.5%).
Beer decreased by 29.3 billion yen (rate of increase: -5.5 %) from 537.2 billion yen to 507.9 billion yen (component ratio: 43.0 %); Shochu (Japanese white distilled liquor) decreased by 6.4 billion yen (rate of increase: -3.5 %) from 182.3 billion yen to 175.9 billion yen (component ratio: 14.9 %); Sparkling liquor decreased by 6.4 billion yen (rate of increase: -7.5 %) from 86.0 billion yen to 79.6 billion yen (component ratio: 6.7 %); Sake decreased by 3.5 billion yen (rate of increase: -6.2 %) from 55.7 billion yen to 52.3 billion yen (component ratio: 4.4 %). (see Figure 22).

(第22図) 品目等別の税額
Figure 22: Amount of tax revenue by item of alcoholic beverage



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- (1) 令和元年度における酒税の税額は1兆1,729億円(前年1兆2,072億円)で、前年に比べて343億円(伸び率△2.8%)減少している。
また、販売(消費)数量は813万kl(前年825万kl)で、前年に比べて11万kl(伸び率△1.4%)減少している(第21表参照)。
The amount of liquor tax for FY 2019 is 1,172.9 billion yen, which is 34.3 billion yen less (rate of increase: -2.8%) than the previous year (1,207.2 billion yen).
The volume of sales (consumption) is 813 million kl, which is 11 million kl less (rate of increase: -1.4%) than the previous year (825 million kl) (see Table 21).

(第21表) 酒税の税額、販売(消費)数量
Table 21: Amount of liquor tax, Volume of sales (consumption)

区分 Type	税額 Amount of tax	伸び率 Growth rate	販売数量 (消費) Volume of sales (consumption)	
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	億円 100 million yen	%	kl	%
平成26年度 2014	12,487	△ 3.2	8,331,433	△ 3.0
27 2015	12,603	0.9	8,475,607	1.7
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29 2017	12,299	△ 1.3	8,373,636	△ 0.5
30 2018	12,072	△ 1.8	8,245,929	△ 1.5
令和元 2019	11,729	△ 2.8	8,130,971	△ 1.4

- (2) 税額を品目等別に前年と比べると、リキュールは1,846億円から1,972億円(構成比16.8%)へと126億円(伸び率6.8%)、ウイスキー及びブランデーは505億円から527億円(構成比4.5%)へと22億円(伸び率4.4%)増加している。これに対し、ビールは5,372億円から5,042億円(構成比43.0%)へと330億円(伸び率△6.1%)、焼酎は1,823億円から1,735億円(構成比14.8%)へと88億円(伸び率△4.8%)、発泡酒は860億円から790億円(構成比6.7%)へと70億円(伸び率△8.1%)、清酒は557億円から523億円(構成比4.5%)へと34億円(伸び率△6.1%)減少している(第22図参照)。

Compared to the previous year, the amount of tax revenue by item of alcoholic beverage changed as follows: Liqueur increased by 12.6 billion yen (rate of increase: 6.8 %) from 184.6 billion yen to 197.2 billion yen (component ratio: 16.8%); Whisky and Brandy increased by 2.2 billion yen (rate of increase: 4.4%) from 50.5 billion yen to 52.7 billion yen (component ratio: 4.5%).
Beer decreased by 33.0 billion yen (rate of increase: -6.1 %) from 537.2 billion yen to 504.2 billion yen (component ratio: 43.0 %); Shochu (Japanese white distilled liquor) decreased by 8.8 billion yen (rate of increase: -4.8 %) from 182.3 billion yen to 173.5 billion yen (component ratio: 14.8 %); Sparkling liquor decreased by 7.0 billion yen (rate of increase: -8.1 %) from 86.0 billion yen to 79.0 billion yen (component ratio: 6.7 %); Sake decreased by 3.4 billion yen (rate of increase: -6.1 %) from 55.7 billion yen to 52.3 billion yen (component ratio: 4.5 %). (see Figure 22).

(第22図) 品目等別の税額
Figure 22: Amount of tax revenue by item of alcoholic beverage

