

8 酒税 (令和元年度版) 正誤表

8 酒税 概要

8 酒税  
Liquor tax

- (1) 令和元年度における酒税の税額は1兆1,805億円(前年1兆2,072億円)で、前年に比べて267億円(伸び率△2.2%)減少している。また、販売(消費)数量は813万kl(前年825万kl)で、前年に比べて12万kl(伸び率△1.4%)減少している(第21表参照)。  
The amount of liquor tax for FY 2019 is 1,180.5 billion yen, which is 26.7 billion yen less (rate of increase:-2.2%) than the previous year (1,207.2 billion yen).  
The volume of sales (consumption) is 813 million kl, which is 12 million kl less (rate of increase:-1.4%) than the previous year (825 million kl) (see Table 21).

(第21表) 酒税の税額、販売(消費)数量

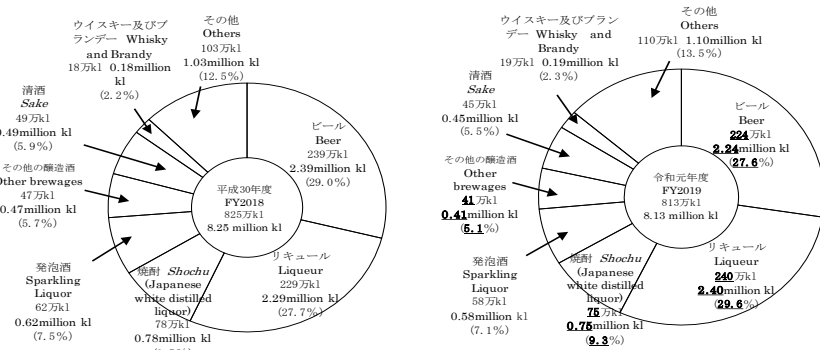
区分 Type	税額 Amount of tax	伸び率 Growth rate	販売数量 (消費) Volume of sales (consumption)	
			伸び率 Growth rate	伸び率 Growth rate
	億円 100 million yen	%	kl	%
平成26年度 2014	12,487	△ 3.2	8,331,433	△ 3.0
27 2015	12,603	0.9	8,475,607	1.7
28 2016	12,465	△ 1.1	8,411,874	△ 0.8
29 2017	12,299	△ 1.3	8,373,636	△ 0.5
30 2018	12,072	△ 1.8	8,245,929	△ 1.5
令和元 2019	11,805	△ 2.2	8,137,905	△ 1.4

(2) (略)

- (3) 販売(消費)数量の状況を品目等別に前年と比べると、リキュールは229万klから240万kl(構成比29.6%)へと11万kl(伸び率4.8%)、ウイスキー及びブランデーは18万klから19万kl(構成比2.3%)へと1万kl(伸び率5.6%)増加している。  
これに対し、ビールは239万klから224万kl(構成比27.6%)へと15万kl(伸び率△6.3%)、焼酎は78万klから75万kl(構成比9.3%)へと3万kl(伸び率△3.8%)、発泡酒は62万klから58万kl(構成比7.1%)へと4万kl(伸び率△6.5%)、その他の醸造酒は47万klから41万kl(構成比5.1%)へと6万kl(伸び率△12.8%)、清酒は49万klから45万kl(構成比5.5%)へと4万kl(伸び率△8.2%)減少している(第23図参照)。  
Compared to the previous year, the volume of sales (consumption) by item of alcoholic beverage changed as follows: Liqueur increased by 0.11 million kl (rate of increase: 4.8%) from 2.29 million kl to 2.40 million kl (component ratio: 29.6%); Whisky and Brandy increased by 0.01 million kl (rate of increase: 5.6%) from 0.18 million kl to 0.19 million kl (component ratio: 2.3%).  
Beer decreased by 0.15 million kl (rate of increase: -6.3%) from 2.39 million kl to 2.24 million kl (component ratio: 27.6%); Shochu decreased by 0.03 million kl (rate of increase: -3.8%) from 0.78 million kl to 0.75 million kl (component ratio: 9.3%); Sparkling liquor decreased by 0.04 million kl (rate of increase: -6.5%) from 0.62 million kl to 0.58 million kl (component ratio: 7.1%); Other brewed liquors decreased by 0.06 million kl (rate of increase: -12.8%) from 0.47 million kl to 0.41 million kl (component ratio: 5.1%); Sake decreased by 0.04 million kl (rate of increase: -8.2%) from 0.49 million kl to 0.45 million kl (component ratio: 5.5%) (see Figure 23).

(第23図) 品目等別の販売(消費)数量

Figure 23: Volume of sales (consumption) by item of alcoholic beverage



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- (1) 令和元年度における酒税の税額は1兆1,805億円(前年1兆2,072億円)で、前年に比べて267億円(伸び率△2.2%)減少している。また、販売(消費)数量は813万kl(前年825万kl)で、前年に比べて12万kl(伸び率△1.4%)減少している(第21表参照)。  
The amount of liquor tax for FY 2019 is 1,180.5 billion yen, which is 26.7 billion yen less (rate of increase:-2.2%) than the previous year (1,207.2 billion yen).  
The volume of sales (consumption) is 813 million kl, which is 12 million kl less (rate of increase:-1.4%) than the previous year (825 million kl) (see Table 21).

(第21表) 酒税の税額、販売(消費)数量

区分 Type	税額 Amount of tax	伸び率 Growth rate	販売数量 (消費) Volume of sales (consumption)	
			伸び率 Growth rate	伸び率 Growth rate
	億円 100 million yen	%	kl	%
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27 2015	12,603	0.9	8,475,607	1.7
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29 2017	12,299	△ 1.3	8,373,636	△ 0.5
30 2018	12,072	△ 1.8	8,245,929	△ 1.5
令和元 2019	11,805	△ 2.2	8,130,971	△ 1.4

(2) (同左)

- (3) 販売(消費)数量の状況を品目等別に前年と比べると、リキュールは229万klから241万kl(構成比29.6%)へと12万kl(伸び率5.2%)、ウイスキー及びブランデーは18万klから19万kl(構成比2.3%)へと1万kl(伸び率5.6%)増加している。  
これに対し、ビールは239万klから223万kl(構成比27.4%)へと16万kl(伸び率△6.7%)、焼酎は78万klから73万kl(構成比9.4%)へと5万kl(伸び率△6.6%)、発泡酒は62万klから58万kl(構成比7.1%)へと4万kl(伸び率△6.5%)、その他の醸造酒は47万klから42万kl(構成比5.2%)へと5万kl(伸び率△10.6%)、清酒は49万klから45万kl(構成比5.5%)へと4万kl(伸び率△8.2%)減少している(第23図参照)。  
Compared to the previous year, the volume of sales (consumption) by item of alcoholic beverage changed as follows: Liqueur increased by 0.12 million kl (rate of increase: 5.2%) from 2.29 million kl to 2.41 million kl (component ratio: 29.6%); Whisky and Brandy increased by 0.01 million kl (rate of increase: 5.6%) from 0.18 million kl to 0.19 million kl (component ratio: 2.3%).  
Beer decreased by 0.16 million kl (rate of increase: -6.7%) from 2.39 million kl to 2.23 million kl (component ratio: 27.4%); Shochu decreased by 0.05 million kl (rate of increase: -6.6%) from 0.78 million kl to 0.73 million kl (component ratio: 9.4%); Sparkling liquor decreased by 0.04 million kl (rate of increase: -6.5%) from 0.62 million kl to 0.58 million kl (component ratio: 7.1%); Other brewed liquors decreased by 0.05 million kl (rate of increase: -10.6%) from 0.47 million kl to 0.42 million kl (component ratio: 5.2%); Sake decreased by 0.04 million kl (rate of increase: -8.2%) from 0.49 million kl to 0.45 million kl (component ratio: 5.5%) (see Figure 23).

(第23図) 品目等別の販売(消費)数量

Figure 23: Volume of sales (consumption) by item of alcoholic beverage

