## 17 国税徴収

National tax collection

(1) 令和5年度における国税の徴収決定済額は、87 兆6,346 億円(前年82 兆1,491 億円)で、前年に比べて5 兆4,855 億円(伸び率6.7%)増加している(第32表参照)。

The amount determined for collection of national tax in FY 2023 is 87,634.6 billion yen, which is 5,485.5 billion yen more (rate of increase: 6.7%) than the previous year (82,149.1 billion yen) (see Table 32).

(第32表) 国税の徴収決定済額

Table 32: Amount determined for collection of national tax

			区 分 Type	令和 4 年度 FY2022	構成比 Component ratio	令和5年度 FY2023	構成比 Component ratio	伸び率 Growth rate
				億円 100 million yen	%	億円 100 million yen	%	%
消費税	及地方消費	-2.5	Consumption tax and local consumption tax  Consumption tax	} 287, 658	35. 0	} 307,073	35. 0	6. 7
源泉所得税源 泉	2. 及復興特 5 所		Withholding Income Tax and Special Income Tax for Reconstruction  Withholding income tax	} 218, 037	26. 5	} 220,068	25. 1	0.9
法	人	->-	Corporation tax	168, 209	20. 5	188, 762	21.5	12. 2
申告所得税申 告	及復興特別 所 得	身 税	Self-assessed Income Tax and Special Income Tax for Reconstruction $Self\text{-}assessment\ income\ tax$	} 44, 130	5. 4	} 47, 632	5. 4	7.9
相	続		Inheritance tax	31, 953	3. 9	38, 332	4. 4	20.0
			Gasoline tax and local gasoline tax Gasoline tax and local road tax	} 24, 228	2.9	24, 181	2.8	△ 0.2
酒		税	Liquor tax	11, 194	1.4	11, 207	1.3	0.1
そ	の	他	Others	36, 082	4. 4	39, 090	4.5	8.3
	計		Total	821, 491	100.0	876, 346	100. 0	6. 7

統計表:17-1 国税徵収状況(1)国税徵収状況

 ${\it Statistical\ tables: 17-1\ Statistics\ of\ National\ Tax\ Collection\ (1) Statistics\ of\ national\ tax\ collection}$ 

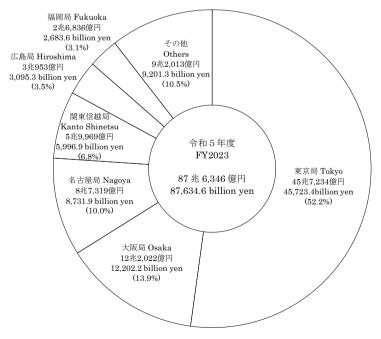
(注)「相続税」には贈与税を含む。 Note: Inheritance tax includes gift tax.

(2) 国税局別に徴収決定済額をみると、東京国税局 45 兆 7, 234 億円 (構成比 52.2%)、大阪国税局 12 兆 2, 022 億円 (13.9%)、名古屋国税局 8 兆 7, 319 億円 (10.0%)、関東信越国税局 5 兆 9, 969 億円 (6.8%) となっている (第 33 図参照)。

Breakdown of the amount determined for collection of national tax by Regional Taxation Bureaus is as follows: Tokyo, 45,723.4 billion yen (component ratio: 52.2%); Osaka, 12,202.2 billion yen (13.9 %); Nagoya, 8,731.9 billion yen (10.0 %); Kanto Shinetsu, 5,996.9 billion yen (6.8 %) (see Figure 33).

(第33図) 国税局別の徴収決定済額

Figure 33: Breakdown of the amount determined for collection of national tax by Regional Taxation Bureaus



統計表:17-1 国税徴収状況(2)国税局別の徴収決定済額

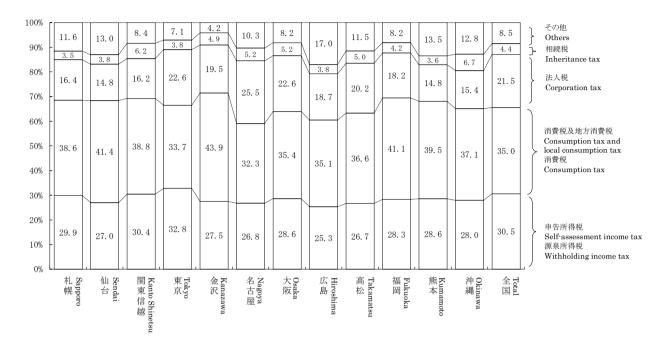
 $Statistical\ tables: 17-1\quad Statistics\ of\ National\ Tax\ Collection\ (2) Amount\ determined\ for\ collection\ by\ Regional\ Collection\ (2)$ 

また、国税局別に主要税目の構成をみると、各国税局とも消費税、消費税及地方消費税が最も高い比率となっている(第34図参照)。

Breakdown of the composition of major tax types by Regional Taxation Bureaus shows that consumption tax and local consumption tax represents the highest component rate in each Regional Taxation Bureaus (see Figure 34).

## (第34図) 国税局別徴収決定済額の構成

Figure 34: Composition of the amount determined for collection of national tax by Regional Taxation Bureaus.



統計表:17-1 国税徴収状況(2)国税局別の徴収決定済額

 $Statistical\ tables: 17-1\quad Statistics\ of\ National\ Tax\ Collection\ (2) Amount\ determined\ for\ collection\ by\ Regional$ 

- (注) 1 「相続税」には贈与税を含む。
  - 2 「申告所得税」及び「源泉所得税」には復興特別所得税を含む。
- Note: 1 Inheritance tax includes gift tax.
  - $2\quad Self\text{-}assessment income tax and Withholding income tax includes Special Income Tax for Reconstruction.$

## 18 国税滞納

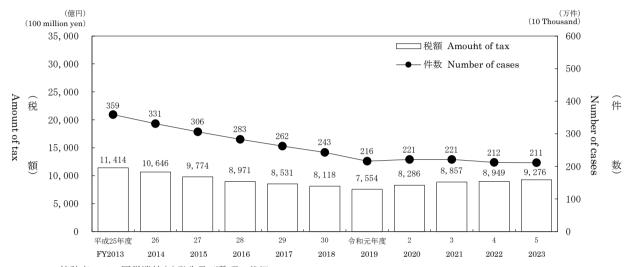
National tax delinquency

(1) 令和 5 年度末における国税の整理中の滯納の件数及び税額は、210.6 万件(前年度 211.8 万件) 9,276 億円(同 8,949 億円) であり、前年に比べ件数は 1.2 万件(伸び率 $\triangle$ 0.6%)減少しており、税額は 328 億円(同 3.7%)増加している(第 35 図参照)。

As of the end of FY 2023, the number of tax delinquencies in processing is 2,106 thousand (for the previous fiscal year, 2,118 thousand) and the amount of arrears is 927.6 billion yen (894.9 billion yen). Compared to the previous year, they decreased by 12 thousand (rate of increase:  $\triangle 0.6\%$ ), and increased by 32.8 billion yen (3.7 %) respectively (see Figure 35).

(第35図) 年度末における整理中の滞納の件数、税額の推移

Figure 35: Number of tax delinquencies and Amount of arrears as of the end of the fiscal year, and Changes of amount of tax



統計表:18 国税滞納(1)発生及び整理の状況

Statistical tables:18 National Tax Delinquency (1)Statistics of accrual and procedure for tax delinquency

(注)地方消費税は含まない。

Note: Excluding local consumption tax.

(2) 令和5年度末における整理中の滞納額を税目別にみると、消費税3,580億円(前年度3,409億円)、申告所得税2,681億円(同2,532億円)、法人税1,233億円(同1,267億円)の順になっている(第36表参照)。

Breakdown of the amount of arrears in processing by tax type is as follows: consumption tax, 358.0 billion yen (for the previous fiscal year 340.9 billion yen); Self-assessment income tax, 268.1 billion yen (253.2 billion yen); corporate tax, 123.3 billion yen (126.7 billion yen) (see Table 36).

(第36表) 税目別の年度末における整理中の滞納

Table 36: Amount of arrears in processing by tax type

区分	令和 4 FY2	上年度 2022	令和5年度 FY2023			
Type	件 数 Number of cases	税 額 Tax of amount	件 数 Number of cases	税 額 Tax of amount	税額の伸び率 Growth rate	
	千件	億円	千件	億円	%	
	Thousand	100 million yen	Thousand	100 million yen		
源泉所得税 Withholding income tax	300	1, 127	282	1, 134	0.6	
申告所得税 Self-assessment income tax	825	2, 532	808	2,681	5. 9	
法 人 税 Corporation tax	97	1, 267	100	1, 233	△ 2.7	
相 続 税 Inheritance tax	9	527	9	560	6. 1	
消 費 税 Consumption tax	831	3, 409	845	3, 580	5.0	
そ の 他 Others	56	86	62	88	2.6	
合 計 Grand total	2, 118	8, 949	2, 106	9, 276	3. 7	

統計表:18 国税滞納(2)税目別の発生及び整理の状況

Statistical tables: 18 National Tax Delinquency (2) Statistics of accrual and procedure by tax type

- (注) 1 「源泉所得税」には源泉所得税及復興特別所得税を含む。
  - 2 「申告所得税」には申告所得税及復興特別所得税を含む。
  - 3 「相続税」には贈与税を含む。
  - 4 「消費税」には地方消費税を含まない。

Note: 1 "Withholding Income Tax" includes Withholding Income Tax and Special Income Tax for Reconstruction.

- 2 "Self-assessed Income Tax" includes Self-assessed Income Tax and Special Income Tax for Reconstruction .
- 3 Inheritance tax includes gift tax.
- 4 Excluding local consumption tax.