Consumption tax calculation

Refer to the example below when calculating your consumption tax.

step.1 Arrange the details of your taxable transactions

Calculate the total amount of sales (exclude consumption and local consumption taxes) relating to taxable transactions effectuated during the taxable period (January 1st to December 31st, 2022).

Use the table for calculating taxable transactions (Table A) (P37).

- step.1-1 Enter the amounts by tax rate from ledgers, etc.(separate accounting) to column A of the table for calculating taxable transactions(Table A).
- step.1-2 Enter the portion of the amounts in column A that is not related to taxable transactions in column B.
- step.1-3 Calculate the amounts in column A that represent taxable transactions (amount of taxable transactions; the difference between the values in A and B) and enter the result in column C.
- step.1-4 Enter the 6.24% tax rate applicable in column D, and the 7.8% tax rate applicable in column E from column C.

Use the information appearing in the table for determining the taxability of consumption tax transactions on P44, which provides a standard for determining whether or not a certain business is taxable.

In the case of income derived from agriculture or real estate, arrange the details of your taxable transactions using the table for calculating taxable transactions for each source.

Example: Kouno Store

The following is an example of how to complete the Consumption and local consumption taxes final return form.

Kouno Store is business that sells merchandise retail.

- O Its income for 2022 was limited to business income derived from retail sales and the sale of fixed business assets (capital gains).
- Its taxable sales for 2020, its base period, was ¥19,951,456.
- O Its entries pertaining to consumption and local consumption taxes were effectuated using the "tax included accounting method" (P36).
- It was a Tax-exempt business in 2021.
- O The following(P15) represents the results taken from ledgers, etc.(separate accounting) entered in the table for calculating taxable transaction.

The following are special mentions concerning consumption and local consumption taxes.

- ¥350,000 worth of sales from beer coupons (Non-taxable transaction) is included in its total sales (revenue) of ¥22,730,000. Of the sales amount ¥22,380,000, the taxable transactions, tax rate 6.24% applicable amount is ¥13,110,000, tax rate 7.8% applicable amount is ¥9,270,000.
- Its initial inventory which is all from taxable transaction (7.8% tax rate applicable) was purchased when it was a Tax-exempt business.
- The purchase of ¥320,000 of beer coupons (Non-taxable transaction) is included in the amount of purchases of ¥14,920,000. Of the purchases amount ¥14,600,000, the taxable transactions, tax rate 6.24% applicable amount is ¥8,700,000, tax rate 7.8% applicable amount is ¥5,900,000.
- The following expenses are those relating to all taxable transactions, breakdown the amount of each applicable tax rate is as follows.

	-	-	
Subject	Total	6.24% tax rate applicable	7.8% tax rate applicable
Utilities	¥105,000	¥0	¥105,000
Travel expenses	¥69,000	¥0	¥69,000
Communication costs	¥167,000	¥0	¥167,000
Advertising expense	¥96,000	¥0	¥96,000
Entertainment fee	¥76,000	¥16,000	¥60,000
Repair costs	¥121,000	¥0	¥121,000
Supplies expense	¥201,000	¥0	¥201,000
Miscellaneous Expenses	¥48,000	¥20,000	¥28,000

• Welfare expenses such as for worker's compensation and unemployment insurance of ¥81,000 are all covered by the employer.

• Employee commuting expenses of ¥33,000 are included in the ¥1,233,000 salary expenses.

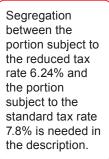
• Land and house rents of ¥120,000 are all land rent (Non-taxable transaction).

○ Other items include refurbishing costs, ¥600,000 for shutters and ¥310,000 for display shelves.

 \bigcirc A delivery vehicle was sold for ¥280,000.

○ There are returns, discounts and rebates relating to sales and purchases, however, the accounting method used directly deducted these amounts from the sales amount or purchases amount.

(4	合和 4 年分)			说取引金 step.1-2		ste	p.1-4 _(東愛新得田)
	科 目		決 算 額	Aのうち課税取引 にならないもの (※1)	課税取引金額 (A-B)	うち軽減税率 6.24%適用分	うち標準税率 7.8%適用分
-17	1 (47 7) 6 44	_	A	В	С	D	E
	上(収入)金額 1000110000000000000000000000000000000	1	円 22.730.000	円 350.000	円 22.380.000	円 13.110.000	円 太神 9.270.000 の
(雑収入を含む) 期首商品棚卸高	(2)	1.741.000	350,000	22,380,000	13,110,000	9,270,000 íá
売	^{期目間面側距高} 仕入金額	3	14.920.000	320.000	14.600.000	8,700.000	5.900.000 課
Ŀ.	山 入 亚 祖 小 計	(4)	16.661.000	520,000	14,000,000	0,700,000	5,900,000 は課税売上
原価	期末商品棚卸高	6	1.792.000				二二
ш	差引原価	6	14.869.000				前計算
差	引金額	$(\overline{2})$	7,861,000				義及
	租税公課	(8)	180,000	180,000	0		0 募表及び課税住
	荷选運貨	9					
	水道光熱費	10	105,000		105,000		105,000 入 高
	旅費交通費 通 信 費	(1) (12)	69,000	0	69,000		69,000 計 167,000 表
	理 16 <u>1</u> 広告宣伝費	(12)	167,000	0	167,000	0	167,000 義 96,000 余
	公 古 旦 伝 資 接 待 交 際 費	0.3	76,000	0	76,000	16.000	96,000 60,000 ま
経	損害保険料	15	105,000	105.000	70,000	10,000	00,000
	修繕費	(16)	121.000	100,000	121.000		121.000
	消耗品費	17	201,000		201,000	0	201,000
	減価償却費	(18)	472,064	472,064			
	福利厚生費	(19)	81,000	81,000	0	0	0
	給料賃金	20	1,233,000	1,200,000	33,000		33,000
	外注工質	21	107.000	107.000			
	利子割引料 地代家賃	22 23	107,000	107,000	0		0
	地代承貝貸倒金	20	120,000	120,000	0		0
	見回筮	20					
費		26					
		20					
		28					
		29					
		30					
	雑 費	(31)	48,000	0	48,000	20,000	28,000
	計	32	3,181,064	2,265,064	916,000	36,000	880,000
差	引金額	33	4,679,936 18,101,064		15 510 000	0.700.000	6 700 000
	③+32 ※1 B欄には、非	34	, ,	5、不課税取引を記	15,516,000	8,736,000	6,780,000



Basic knowledge
Preparation
Procedures
Completing your return
Calculation
Local consumption tax calculation
Enter the value in the return form (Page 1 and Page 2
Other items
Filing and paying
Income tax adjustment
Rough draft return form

step.2 Calculate your total amount of taxable sales

Use the table for calculating taxable sales (Table B)(P38).

step.2-1

Enter the values appearing in \bigcirc (column C to E) of the table for calculating taxable transactions (for business income; Table A).

 \rightarrow Enter them in 1 of Table B, respectively.

step.2-2

Enter the values appearing in 3(column C to E) of the table for calculating taxable transactions (for agriculture income).

 \rightarrow Enter them in 2 of Table B, respectively.

step.2-3

Enter the values appearing in (a)(column C to E) of the table for calculating taxable transactions (for real estate income).

 \rightarrow Enter them in 3 of Table B, respectively.

step.2-4

If there are taxable sales relating to other sources of income, describe the name of income in the space () of Table B (3), enter the amount of revenue and the portion of that amount excluded from taxable sales and then calculate the difference.

 \rightarrow Use ④ to ⑥ of Table B.

step.2-5

If there are taxable sales relating to income derived from the transfer of fixed business assets enter the amount of capital gains and the portion of that amount excluded from taxable sales and then calculate the difference. \rightarrow Use \bigcirc to O of Table B.

step.2-6

Calculate your total taxable sales. \rightarrow Use (10) of Table B.

Example of Table B: Kouno Store

step.2-1

Enter ¥ *22,380,000* (Table A, column C, ①) in ① of Table B.

- Enter $\frac{13,110,000}{1000}$ (Table A, column D, 1) in 1(6.24% tax rate applicable) of Table B.
- Enter ¥ <u>9,270,000</u> (Table A, column E, ①) in ①(7.8% tax rate applicable) of Table B.

step.2-5

The sale of a delivery vehicle is treated as a transfer of a fixed business asset.

The balance of taxable sales is obtained as follows. $\underbrace{\underline{280,000}}_{\underline{280,000}} - \underbrace{\underline{40}}_{\underline{280,000}} = \underbrace{\underline{400}}_{\underline{280,000}}$

Enter ¥ 280,000 in ⑦ and ⑨ of Table B.

Enter ¥ 280,000 in ⑦ and ⑨(7.8% tax rate applicable) of Table B.

step.2-6

The total amount of taxable sales is obtained as follows. $\neq 22,380,000 + \neq 280,000 = \neq 22,660,000$

6.24% tax rate applicable ¥ 13,110,000

7.8% tax rate applicable ¥*9,270,000* + ¥ *280,000* = ¥ *9,550,000*

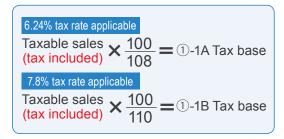
step.3 Calculate your tax base

step.3-1

Multiply the total amount of taxable sales (Table B column 0) by 100/108 or 100/110; and calculate the total amount of sales related to taxable transactions for each of the categories (at differing tax rates). Then, enter them in Table B columns 1 and 2 respectively.

Enter this calculation result in column ①-1 of Schedule 1-3.

* If using the "tax excluded accounting method(P36)", calculate your tax base by adding the amount of temporary received consumption tax, etc. relating to taxable sales to your total amount of taxable sales and multiplying the resulting figure by 100/108 or 100/110.



step.3-2

Enter the calculation result for step 3-1 in 1 of Schedule 1-3 rounding the figure down to the nearest ¥1,000.

Example of Table B: Kouno Store

step.3-1

(1) of Table B is obtained as follows. $\frac{13,110,000}{108} \times \frac{100}{108} = \frac{12,138,888}{12,138,888}$

(Enter in 1)-1(column A) of Schedule 1-3)

(12) of Table B is obtained as follows. $\frac{9,550,000}{110} \times \frac{100}{110} = \frac{8,681,818}{100}$

(Enter in 1-1(column B) of Schedule 1-3)

Total amount is obtained as follows. $\frac{12,138,888}{20,820,706} + \frac{12,138,888}{20,820,706} + \frac{12,138,888}{20,800,706} + \frac{12,138,888}{20,800,706} + \frac{12,138,888}{20,800,700} + \frac{12,138,88}{20,800,700} + \frac{12,138,88}{20,800,700} + \frac{12,138,88}{20,800}$

(Enter in 1)-1(column C) of Schedule 1-3)

step.3-2

Round down the figure(step 3-1) to the nearest \pm 1,000 to obtain the tax base. Enter in ① of Schedule 1-3.

¥<u>12,138,888</u> ➡ ¥ <u>12,138,000</u> (Enter in ①(column A) of Schedule 1-3)

¥<u>8,681,818</u> ➡ ¥<u>8,681,000</u> (Enter in ①(column B) of Schedule 1-3)

Total amount of tax base is obtained as follows.

 $\pm \underline{12,138,000} + \pm \underline{8,681,000} = \pm \underline{20,819,000}$

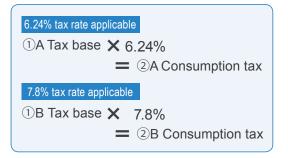
(Enter in 1)(column C) of Schedule 1-3)

The table for calculating taxable sales for Kouno Store is as follows.

課税売		上高計算	表		Table	В	
(令和 4 年分)							
 事業所得に係る課税売上高 		金額	うち	軽 減 税 率 6.24%適用分	うち標準税 7.8%適用		
営業等課税売上高	1	表イ-1のIC欄の金額 p 22,380,000	表イ=1の()	13,110,000	表イ-1のUE欄の金額 9,270,000	כיי	step.2-
農業課税売上高	2	表イ-2 の③C欄の金額	表イ-2の③	D欄の金額	表イ-2の④E欄の金額	D	step.2-2
2)不動産所得に係る課税売上高		金額	うち	軽 減 税 率 6.24%適用分	うち標準税 7.8%適用		
課税売上高	3	表イー3の全て欄の金額	表イ-3の3		表イ-3の④E欄の全額	Ő	step.2-3
(3)()所得に係る課税売上高		金 額	うち	軽 減 税 率 6.24%適用分	うち標準税 7.8%適用		
損益計算書の収入金額	4			0. 11/02/11/3	1.0704271	٦	
④のうち、課税売上げにならないもの	5						step.2-4
差引課税売上高(④-⑤)	6					J	
(4)業務用資産の譲渡所得に係る課税売上高		金額	うち	軽 減 税 率 6.24%適用分	うち標準税 7.8%適用		
業務用固定資産等の譲渡収入金額	T	280,000			280,000		
⑦のうち、課税売上げにならないもの	8						step.2-
差引課税売上高(⑦-⑧)	9	280,000			280,000)	
5)課税売上高の合計額 (① + ② + ③ + ⑥ + ⑨)	10	22,660,000		13,110,000	9,550,000	ر ر	step.2-6
						_	
(6)課税資産の譲渡等の対価の額の計算		/1四十進の想動詞為の					
円×100/108	n	 (1円未満の端数切捨て (一般用)付表1 = 3の((筒易課税用)付表4 = 	D= 1 Ał	1 A 潤へ	0 100 000		
税抜経理方式によっている場合、回軽減税率6.24%適用分欄の金額に 課税売上げに係る仮受消費税等の金額を加算して計算します。	ľ			I	2,138,888		step.3-
9,550,000 円×100/110		 (1円未満の端数切捨て (一般用)付表1-3の((簡易課税用)付表4- 	0 — 1В#	1 D 脚へ			5tep.0-
税抜経理方式によっている場合、回標単税率7.8%適用分欄の金額に 課税売上げに係る仮受消費税等の金額を加算して計算します。		Charlow B4419713713.04 (4		* ** 1140 ·	8,681,818		

step.4 Calculate your consumption tax

Calculate the amount of a consumption tax by multiplying the " \bigcirc Tax base" of Schedule 1-3 by the consumption tax (national tax) rate of 6.24% or 7.8%. Enter the calculation result in \bigcirc of Schedule 1-3.



* When applying method for calculating consumption tax on the tax base, please refer to D on Page 32.

Example: Kouno store

The amount of consumption tax is obtained as follows. 6.24% tax rate applicable $\neq \underline{12,138,000} \times 6.24\% = \neq \underline{757,411}$ (Enter in ②(column A) of Schedule 1-3)

7.8% tax rate applicable ¥ *8,681,000* × 7.8% = ¥ *677,118*

(Enter in 2)(column B) of Schedule 1-3)

Total amount of consumption tax is obtained as follows. $\underbrace{\underline{757,411}}_{(Enter in @(column C) of Schedule 1-3)}$



Example: Kouno store

To the following is an example of Schedule 1-3 filled in with results of calculations effectuated up to this point. Below is a review of those calculation results.

					1		
	課税	期	間	$4 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 \sim 4 \cdot 12 \cdot 31$	氏名又は名称	Taro Kouno	
X		5	÷	税率 6.24 % 適用分 利	兑率 7.8 % 適 用 分	合 計 C	
			,	А	В	(A+B)	
課税	標準	額	1	^{12,138, 000}	⊧ 8,681 , оос	9 ※第二表の①欄へ 円 0 20,819, 000	step.3-
① 課税資 の対	産の譲渡 価の	隻 等 額	① ' 1	※第二表の⑤欄へ 12,138,888 第二	ニ表の⑥欄〜 8,681,818	※第二表の⑦欄へ 20,820,706	step.3-
内 特 定 課 係 る 支 訳	税 仕 入 オ 払 対 価 0	ı に) 額	① - 2	※①-2篇は、課税売上斜合が95%未満、かつ、特定課税仕入れがある ※第二	▶支者のみ記載する。 二表の⑨欄へ	※第二表の⑩欄へ	
" 費	税	額	2	※第二表の⑮欄へ 757,411	E表の追欄へ 677,118	※第二表の⑪欄へ 1,434,529	step.4

step.5 Calculate your total taxable purchases

Use the table for calculating taxable purchases (Table C) (P39) for calculating the taxable purchases

step.5-1

Enter the values in the table for calculating taxable purchases (Table C) based on the figures appearing in the table for calculating taxable transactions (for business income; Table A, 3, column C to E)

 \rightarrow Use 1 of Table C.

step.5-2

Enter the amount appearing in the table for calculating taxable transactions (for agriculture income, (3), column C to E) \rightarrow Use (2) of Table C.

step.5-3

Enter the amount appearing in the table for calculating taxable transactions (for real estate income, ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾, column C to E) \rightarrow Use ⁽³⁾ of Table C.

step.5-4

If there are taxable purchases relating to other sources of income, describe the name of income in the space () of Table C, enter the amount of purchases and the portion of that amount excluded from taxable purchases and then calculate the difference. \rightarrow Use ④ to ⑥ of Table C.

step.5-5

If there are taxable purchases relating to the acquisition of fixed business assets, enter the acquisition cost and the portion of that amount excluded from taxable purchases and then calculate the difference.

 \rightarrow Use 7 to 9 of Table C.

*When you apply for the provision for restriction on purchase tax credit pertaining to acquisition of residential rental building (P45), enter amount added acquisition costs for such residential rental building in the column (a) of [Table C].

step.5-6

Calculate your total taxable purchases.

ightarrow Use 10 of Table C.

step.5-7

Calculate the consumption taxes on taxable purchases by multiplying your total amount of taxable purchases by 6.24/108 or 7.8/110.

 \rightarrow Use (1) to (12) of Table C.

Example of Table C: Kouno Store

step.5-1

Enter $\neq 15,516,000$ (Table A, column C, 3) in ① of Table C.

Enter $\neq \underline{8,736,000}$ (Table A, column D, 3) in (1)(6.24% tax rate applicable) of Table C.

Enter $\neq 6,780,000$ (Table A, column E, 3) in (1)(7.8% tax rate applicable) of Table C.

step.5-5

The cost for shutter and display shelves incurred when refurbishing the store is considered an acquisition of fixed business assets.

The balance of taxable purchases is obtained as follows.

¥ <u>910,000</u> - ¥ <u>0</u> = ¥ <u>910,000</u> Enter ¥ <u>910,000</u> in ⑦ and ⑨ of Table C.

Enter $\neq \underline{910,000}$ in \bigcirc and \bigcirc (7.8% tax rate applicable) of Table C.

step.5-6

The total taxable purchases is obtained as follows. $\frac{15,516,000}{100} + \frac{910,000}{100} = \frac{16,426,000}{100}$ Enter $\frac{16,426,000}{100}$ in (10) of Table C.

6.24% tax rate applicable ¥ *8,736,000*

7.8% tax rate applicable ¥<u>6,780,000</u>+¥ <u>910,000</u>=¥ <u>7,690,000</u>

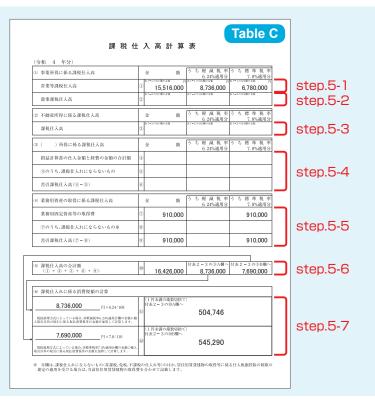
step.5-7

1) and 12 of Table C are obtained as follows.

$$(1): \underbrace{8,736,000}_{108} \times \frac{6.24}{108} = \underbrace{504,746}_{504,746}$$

$$\textcircled{1}: \underbrace{7,690,000}_{X,\underline{7.8}} \times \underbrace{7.8}_{110} = \underbrace{4545,290}_{X,\underline{7.8}}$$

The table for calculating taxable purchases for Kouno Store is as follows.



For calculation in steps 6 to 17, please use the table for calculating the taxable sales ratio and deductible tax on purchases (Schedule 2-3) (P41).

step.6 Calculate the amount of the transfer value of taxable assets, etc.

step.6-1

Enter your taxable sales, Tax-exempt sales, exports of Non-taxable assets, etc. in the table for calculating the taxable sales ratio and deductible tax on purchases (Schedule 2-3).

 \rightarrow Enter the values in 1 to 3 of Schedule 2-3.

step.6-2

Calculate the amount of the transfer value of taxable assets, etc. (sum of ① to ③ of Schedule 2-3).

 \rightarrow Enter the calculation result in $\textcircled{\sc 0}$ (column C) of Schedule 2-3.

step.7 Calculate the amount of the transfer value of assets, etc.

step.7-1

Enter the amount of the transfer value of taxable assets, etc. (step 6-2) and the Non-taxable portion of each type of income listed in Table A not considered taxable sales. \rightarrow Enter the values in (5) to (6) of Schedule 2-3.

step.7-2

Calculate the amount of the transfer value of assets, etc. (sum of (5) and (6) of Schedule 2-3). \rightarrow Use (7) of Schedule 2-3.

step.8 Calculate the taxable sales ratio

Divide the amount of the transfer value of taxable assets, etc. (taxable sales; step 6-2) by the amount of the transfer value of assets, etc. (total sales; step 7-2).

(Note) Fractions of taxable sales ratio are, in principle, not processed, but are allowed to be rounded down at any decimal point.

 \rightarrow Use (8) of Schedule 2-3.

step.9 Calculate the consumption taxes on taxable purchases

Enter the total taxable purchases (tax included) calculated in Table C (Table C (10)) for the amount of expenses (tax included) relating to taxable purchases and enter the value in (1) to (12) of Table C for the amount of consumption taxes on taxable purchases.

 \rightarrow Enter the values in 9 to 10 of Schedule 2-3.

Example: Kouno store

step.6-1

Enter ¥ <u>12,138,888</u> (Table B, ①) in ①(column A) of Schedule 2-3. Enter ¥ <u>8,681,818</u> (Table B, ②) in ①(column B) of Schedule 2-3. Enter ¥ <u>20,820,706</u> in ①(column C) of Schedule 2-3.

step.6-2

The amount of the transfer value of taxable assets, etc. is obtained as follows.

 $\underline{20,820,706} + \underline{40} + \underline{40} = \underline{420,820,706}$

step.7-1

Enter $\underbrace{20,820,706}_{(\text{schedule 2-3, }(\text{column C}))}$ in (schedule 2-3, (column C))Enter $\underbrace{350,000}_{(\text{column B})}$ (Table A, ((column B))) in (column C) of Schedule 2-3.

step.7-2

The amount of the transfer value of assets, etc. is obtained as follows.

¥ <u>20,820,706</u> (transfers of taxable assets) +

 $\frac{350,000}{1000}$ (non-taxable sales) = $\frac{21,170,706}{1000}$

step.8

The taxable sales ratio is obtained as follows. $\frac{20,820,706}{20,100}$ (transfers of taxable assets) \div $\frac{21,170,706}{20,100}$ (transfers of assets) \Rightarrow <u>98.3</u> %

step.9

Enter $\underbrace{8,736,000}_{(\text{column A})}$ (Table C, (0)(6.24% tax rate applicable)) in (column A) of Schedule 2-3.

Enter \neq <u>7,690,000</u> (Table C, 0(7.8% tax rate applicable)) in 0(column B) of Schedule 2-3.

Enter $\underbrace{504,746}$ (Table C, 1) in ((column A) of Schedule 2-3.

Enter ¥ <u>545,290</u> (Table C, ⁽¹⁾) in ⁽¹⁾(column B) of Schedule 2-3.

Enter $\neq \underline{16, 426, 000}$ (Sum of O(column A) and O(column B)) in O(column C) of Schedule 2-3.

Enter $\ge 1,050,036$ (Sum of 0(column A) and 0(column B)) in 0(column C) of Schedule 2-3.

Basic knowledge

Preparation

Procedures

Completing your return

Calculation

Local consumption tax calculation

Enter the value in the return form

(Page 1 and Page 2)

Other items

Filing and paying

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step.10 Calculate the consumption tax on Specific taxable purchases

Sole proprietors with a taxable sales ratio (step 8) under 95% and have received business-to-business electronic services needed to calculate.

 \rightarrow Use (1) and (12) of Schedule 2-3.

step.11 Enter the amount of consumption tax relating to taxable freight

Enter the amount of consumption tax levied, or the amount of any that should be levied, on taxable freight retrieved from bonded areas.

* The amount of local consumption tax is excluded.

 \rightarrow Enter the value in 13 of Schedule 2-3.

step.12 Calculate the consumption tax adjustment if you have been granted or have lost tax liability exemption status

It should be add when corresponding to A, and should be subtract when corresponding to B

A Amount of consumption tax adjustment if you were a Tax-exempt business in 2021 and became Taxable person in 2022

0 040/				
6.24%	tax ra	ite ap	plicad	le

Expenses incurred for the acquisition of items relating to taxable purchases (6.24% tax rate applicable) for the portion of inventory held on December 31st, 2021 transferred in Japan within the $\times \frac{6.24}{108} = \frac{\text{(A Amount of consumption tax adjustment taxable period during which you were Tax-exempt business}}$

 \rightarrow Enter the value in 4 (column A) of Schedule 2-3.

7.8% tax rate applicable

Expenses incurred for the acquisition of items relating to taxable purchases (7.8% tax rate applicable) for the portion of inventory held on December 31st, 2021 transferred in Japan within the $\times \frac{7.8}{110} = {}^{\textcircled{B}}$ Amount of consumption tax adjustment taxable period during which you were Tax-exempt business

 \rightarrow Enter the value in 4 (column B) of Schedule 2-3.

B Amount of consumption tax adjustment if you were a Taxable person in 2022 and became Tax-exempt business in 2023

6.24% tax rate applicable

Expenses incurred for the acquisition of items relating to taxable purchases (6.24% tax rate applicable) for the portion of inventory held on December 31st, 2022 transferred in Japan in 2022 $\times \frac{6.24}{108} = \frac{@A \text{ Amount of consumption}}{tax \text{ adjustment}}$

 \rightarrow Enter the value in 4 (column A) of Schedule 2-3.

7.8% tax rate applicable

Expenses incurred for the acquisition of items relating to taxable purchases (7.8% tax rate applicable) for the portion of inventory held on December 31st, 2022 transferred in Japan in 2022 $\times \frac{7.8}{110} = \frac{\text{(B Amount of consumption tax adjustment)}}{110}$

 \rightarrow Enter the value in ⁽¹⁴⁾(column B) of Schedule 2-3.

Example: Kouno store

step.12

Calculate the consumption tax adjustment necessary in the event Kouno store became a taxable business newly in 2022 losing its tax liability exemption status.

The amount of consumption tax adjustment is obtained as follows.

$$\frac{1,741,000}{110}$$
 (initial inventory) $\times \frac{7.8}{110} = \frac{123,452}{110}$

Accordingly, ¥123,452 is specified in (4) (Column B) of Schedule 2-3 .

step.13 Calculate the total amount of taxes on taxable purchases, etc.

Calculate the sum of the consumption taxes on taxable purchases (step 9), consumption taxes on Specific taxable purchases (step 10), the consumption tax relating to taxable freight (step 11), and the amount of consumption tax adjustment (step 12).

 \rightarrow Use (15) of Schedule 2-3.

step.14 Calculate the deductible tax on purchases

 \rightarrow Use 16 to 20 of Schedule 2-3.

A If taxable sales amounting to 500 million yen or less during the taxable period and the taxable sales ratio (step 8) is 95% or more, the total amount of taxes on taxable purchases, etc. is completely deducted.

Deduct the entire amount of consumption taxes on taxable purchases.

Total amount of taxes on	_	Amount of deductible				
taxable purchases, etc.	_	tax on purchases				

B If taxable sales amounting more than 500 million yen during the taxable period or the taxable sales ratio (step 8) is under 95%, calculate using either of the following methods.

<Itemized method>

This method is used to calculate the consumption taxes on taxable purchases by separating it into 3 classifications: the amount required only for taxable sales (including Tax-exempt sales), the amount required only for non-taxable sales and the amount required for both.

	Portion of the total amount of taxes on taxable purchases, etc.that is required only for taxable sales	Portion of the total amount of taxes on taxable purchases, etc. that is required for both taxable and non-taxable sales	Amount of deductible tax on purchases
--	---	--	---------------------------------------

<Proportional method>

This method is used to calculate the deductible tax on purchases by multiplying the consumption taxes on taxable purchases by the taxable sales ratio.

Total amount of taxes on 🗸	, Taxable sales _	Amount of deductible
taxable purchases, etc.	ratio –	tax on purchases

* Business using the proportional method must have applied the method for 2years or more consecutively to change to the itemized method.

Example: Kouno store

step.13

The total amount of taxes on taxable purchases, etc. is obtained as follows.

6.24% tax rate applicable

 $\underbrace{504,746}_{\text{(Enter the value in (5)(column A) of Schedule 2-3)}} \underbrace{504,746}_{\text{(Enter the value in (5)(column A) of Schedule 2-3)}}$

7.8% tax rate applicable

 $\pm 545,290 + \pm 0 + \pm 0 + \pm 123,452 = \pm 668,742$ (Enter the value in (5)(column B) of Schedule 2-3)

Total amount of taxes on taxable purchases, etc. $\pm 504,746 + \pm 668,742 = \pm 1,173,488$

(Enter the value in 15(column C) of Schedule 2-3)

step.14

Taxable sales amounting to 500 million yen or less during the taxable period and the taxable sales ratio is 95% or more (step 8: 98.3%), therefore, the total amount of taxes on taxable purchases, etc. effectuated by Kouno Store is completely deducted. (Enter the amount of 15 of Schedule 2-3 in 16 and 24 of Schedule 2-3.)

Basic knowledge Preparation Procedures Completing your return Calculation Local consumption tax calculation Enter the value in the return form (Page 1 and Page 2) Other items

ugh draft return for

step.15 Adjust the amount of deduction

 \rightarrow Use (2) to (23) of Scheduled 2-3.

An adjustment of the amount of deduction is necessary if either of the following conditions apply to your circumstances.

- A If the amount of consumption tax relating to acquired fixed assets subject to adjustment was deducted in your 2020 consumption tax return as per the following stipulations resulting in a significant change in the average taxable sales ratio, calculate the amount of adjustment and enter the result in (2) of Schedule 2-3.
 - •The entire amount was deducted due to a taxable sales ratio of 95% or more
 - · Based on the itemized method, the deduction was made as taxable purchases corresponding
 - to both taxable and Non-taxable sales
 - ·The deduction was made based on the proportional method
- B Sole proprietors using the itemized method who have changed the application of acquired fixed assets subject to adjustment as per the following stipulations within 3 years of acquisition should calculate that amount of the adjustment and enter the result in 20 of Schedule 2-3.
 - •The application of the fixed assets was changed from taxable sales only to Non-taxable sales only
 - •The application of the fixed assets was changed from Non-taxable sales only to taxable sales only

What are fixed assets subject to adjustment?

Fixed assets subject to adjustment are assets excluding inventory assets, such as buildings (including attached facilities),machinery and equipment, vehicles and conveyance equipment, tools, fixtures, etc., purchased for ¥1,000,000 or more (tax excluded) per single transaction.

- C If either of the following conditions apply to the residential rental building to which restriction on purchase tax credit pertaining to acquisition of residential rental building*1, calculate its adjustment amount and enter it in the column 23 of the Schedule 2-3.
 - In case where that residential rental building was owned on the last day of the taxable period in the third year*2, and all or part of that residential rental building was used for taxable rent*3 during the adjustment period*4.
 - In case where all or part of the residential rental building was transferred to another person during the adjustment period.
 - 1 Please see P45.
 - 2 The taxable period in the third year means a taxable period that includes the day on which three years have elapsed from the first day of the taxable period containing the date of purchase, etc. of the residential rental building.
 - 3 Use for taxable rent means use for lease other than lease of a residential house deemed non-taxable.
 - 4 The adjustment period means a period from the date of purchase, etc. of the residential rental building to the last day of the taxable period in the third year.
 - 5 For details, please read the leaflet, "Information on the Revision of the Consumption Tax Act (April 2020)" (in Japanese) posted on the website of the National Tax Agency (https://www.nta.go.jp).

step.16 Amount of the deductible tax on purchases

 \rightarrow Use 24 of Scheduled 2-3.

Calculate the difference between the amount of deductible tax on purchases (step 14) and the adjustment amount of the deductible tax (step 15).

If the result is positive, it represents your deductible tax on purchases (@, Schedule 2-3). Enter it in @ of Schedule 1-3. If the result is negative, proceed to step 17.

step.17 Calculate the tax adjustment for excess deductions

If the calculation result (step 16) is negative, enter that figure in 29 of Schedule 2-3.

In the event accounts representing the sale of merchandise or the provision of services are unrecoverable and become bad debt, the amount of consumption tax included in those accounts receivable that became bad debt (herein, "bad debt") can be deducted from the amount of consumption tax levied on the tax base. If you have recovered previously deducted bad debt during the 2022 taxable period in whole or in part, calculate the consumption tax included in the recovered bad debt. Enter the calculation result in (a) of Schedule 2-3.

6.24% tax rate applicable				
Total amount of recovered bad debt	×	<u>6.24</u> 108	=	²⁸ A Amount of consumption tax relating to recovered bad debt
7.8% tax rate applicable Total amount of recovered bad debt	×	<u>7.8</u> 110	=	B Amount of consumption tax relating to recovered bad debt

Kouno Store's table for calculating the taxable sales ratio and deductible tax on purchases is as follows.

		課移	兑 期 間	4	• 1 •	$1 \sim 4 \cdot 12 \cdot 31$	氏名又は名称	Taro Kouno		Preparation
		項	目	_		税率 6.24 % 適 用 分 A	税率 7.8 % 適 用 分 B	合計 (A+B)		Procedures
	課税売	上額	(税抜	ぇき)	1	12,138,888	8,681,818	20,820,706]	Completing your
	免税	売	上	額	2				step.6-1	Calculat
	非課税資 海外支店等	産の輸 へ移送	出 等 の した 資 産	金額、 の価額	3					Local consu
課利	説資産の譲渡等	鼻の対価ℓ	り額(①+)	2+3)	4			* ^{第一妻の協議~} 20,820,706	step.6-2	tax calcula
	課税資産の譲	渡等の対	価の額(④	の金額)	5			20,820,706		Enter the winthe return
	非課	税	売 上	: 額	i 6			350,000	step.7-1	(Page 1 and
資	産の譲渡等	の対価	の額(⑤	+ (6))	7			^{※第一卖の够欄~} 21,170,706	step.7-2	Other ite
課	税壳上	割合	(④ /	() ()	8			[98.3%] ※ ^{編数} 切捨て	step.8	Filing and pa
ſ	課税仕入れに	係る支払	対価の額(税込み)	9	8,736,000	7,690,000	16,426,000	step.9	Income tax adjus
	課税仕入	れに係	くう 消費	₹税額	10	(③A欄×6.24/108) 504,746	((3)B欄×7.8/110) 545,290	1,050,036		Rough draft retu
	特定課税仕	入れに係	る支払対	・価の額	1	※①及び②欄は、課税売上割合が95%未満、	かつ、特定課税仕入れがある事業者のみ記載す	-ă.	step.10	
	特定課税付	上入れに	係る消	費税額	12		(①B欄×7.8/100)			
	課税貨物		る消費		13				step.11	
	納税義務の (こととなった の調整(免除を受 場合に 加 <u>算</u> 又	けない(おける 消 ζ は <u>減</u>	受ける) 費税額 算 <u>)</u> 額	i 14		123,452	123,452	step.12	
課	税 仕 入 れ (①	等 の 税 D+12+13±	絶額の合 = ⑭)	合計 額		504,746	668,742	1,173,488	step.13	
課	税売上割台	×5億円 合が95 (⑮の金額)		かっ、 の場合	16	504,746	668,742	1,173,488	step.14-A	
174 /×	×税% 19		上げにのみ要	要するもの	1					
売P	売未対 15のう た 進	通 し て	上げと非課税 要 す る	ちもの	10				step.14-B	
上起	割の、課移	兑 仕 入	式により控 れ 等 の ⑧×④/⑦)〕)税額	19					
			り控除する課税		20					
控の		ご動時の調惠 調 整 (加	を対象固定資 算 又 は 洞	と 産に係る ま 算) 額	20				step.15-A	
除 調 税	調整対象固定資 に転用した場				22				step.15-B	
祝額整	居 住 用 賃 (_隆 に 供 し た (調	貸 建 物 廣 渡 し た	を課税()場合の	賃 貸 用 加 算 額	3				step.15-C	
差	控 除 対			税 額 プラスの時	24	^{※付表1-3の④A欄〜} 504,746	*/付表1-30@B欄~ 668,742	1,173,488	step.16	
引	控 除 過 〔(⑮、⑲又は⑳の			税 額	25	※付表1-3の③A欄へ	※付表1-3の③B欄へ			
貸	倒回収	に係る	5 消 費	税額	i 26	※付表1-3の③A欄へ	※付表1-3の③B欄へ		step.17	

step.18 Calculate the amount of tax on value of refunds, etc.

If there were any returns, discounts or rebates charged against goods sold or provision of services, calculate the consumption tax relating to those amounts and enter the result in (5)-1 and (5) of Schedule 1-3.

6.24% tax rate applicable	Amount of returns, discounts or rebates	×	<u>6.24</u> 108	=	⑤-1A Amount of tax on value of refunds, etc.
7.8% tax rate applicable	Amount of returns, discounts or rebates	×	<u>7.8</u> 110	=	⑤-1B Amount of tax on value of refunds, etc.

*If there is a value entered in (5)-1 and (5) of Schedule 1-3, it represents the amount of the transfer value of taxable assets, etc. in step 6 of P19 minus the amount of returns, discounts and rebates multiplied by 100/108 or 100/110.

*If taxable sales account for less than 95%, when specific taxable purchases were returned or specified taxable purchases were put subject to discount or rebate, please calculate the amount of consumption tax relating to the return, etc. and enter it in (5) -2 of Schedule 1-3; then, enter the total of the value and that in (5) -1 in (5).

This calculation is not necessary if, as shown in the example, applying an accounting method that directly deducts any returns, discounts or any other charges relating to sales from the amount of sales.

step.19 Calculate the amount of tax relating to buy bad debt

In the event accounts representing the sale of merchandise or the provision of services are unrecoverable and become bad debt, the amount of consumption tax included in those accounts receivable that became bad debt ("bad debt") can be deducted from the amount of consumption tax levied on the tax base. Enter the result in ⁽⁶⁾ of Schedule 1-3. No deductions can be claimed for bad debt unless you have kept ample documentation that certifies the facts supporting the writing off of account receivables and provides clear details pertaining to the bad debt.

6.24% tax rate applicable	Amount relating to bad debt	×	<u>6.24</u> 108	=	⑥A Amount of tax relating to bad debt
7.8% tax rate applicable	Amount relating to bad debt	×	<u>7.8</u> 110	=	⑥B Amount of tax relating to bad debt

No calculations are necessary for (3, 5), or (6) in Schedule 1-3 pertaining to the amount of tax on recovered bad debt, refunds and other charges and bad debt described below.

- Recovered account receivables relating to taxable sales effectuated as a Tax-exempt business
- Returns, discounts, etc. relating to taxable sales effectuated as a Tax-exempt business
- Account receivables relating to taxable sales effectuated as a Tax-exempt business
- · Bad debt resulting from receivables other than those relating to taxable sales

step.20 Calculate the subtotal of deductible tax

Calculate the "⑦Subtotal of deductible tax" by adding the "④Amount of deductible tax on purchases", the "⑤Amount of tax relating to refunds and other charges" and the "⑥Amount of tax relating to bad debt". Enter the result in ⑦ of Schedule 1-3.

$\begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \hline \\ \hline $	"@Amount of "SAmount of tax "@Amount of tax "@Subtotal of	Basic knowledge
ProceduresExample: Kouno StoreThe subtotal of deductible tax is obtained as follows. 6.24% tax rate applicable (Enter the value in ⑦(column A) of Schedule 1-3) $\pm 504,746 + \pm 0 + \pm 0 = \pm 504,746$ 7.8% tax rate applicable (Enter the value in ⑦(column B) of Schedule 1-3) $\pm 668,742 + \pm 0 + \pm 0 = \pm 668,742$ The subtotal of deductible tax (Enter the value in ⑦(column C) of Schedule 1-3) $\pm 504,746 + \pm 668,742 = \pm 1,173,488$ Other items	deductible tax $+$ relating to refunds $+$ relating to had debt" = deductible tax"	Preparation
The subtotal of deductible tax is obtained as follows. 6.24% tax rate applicable (Enter the value in $\textcircled{O}(column A)$ of Schedule 1-3) $\pm 504,746 + \pm 0 = \pm 504,746$ 7.8% tax rate applicable (Enter the value in $\textcircled{O}(column B)$ of Schedule 1-3) $\pm 668,742 + \pm 0 = \pm 668,742$ The subtotal of deductible tax (Enter the value in $\textcircled{O}(column C)$ of Schedule 1-3) $\pm 504,746 + \pm 668,742 = \pm 1,173,488$ Other items		Procedures
6.24% tax rate applicable (Enter the value in \bigcirc (column A) of Schedule 1-3) $\underbrace{\pm 504,746}_{=} + \underbrace{\pm 0}_{=} + \underbrace{\pm 0}_{=} = \underbrace{\pm 504,746}_{=}$ 7.8% tax rate applicable (Enter the value in \bigcirc (column B) of Schedule 1-3) $\underbrace{\pm 668,742}_{=} + \underbrace{\pm 0}_{=} + \underbrace{\pm 0}_{=} = \underbrace{\pm 668,742}_{=}$ The subtotal of deductible tax (Enter the value in \bigcirc (column C) of Schedule 1-3) $\underbrace{\pm 504,746}_{=} + \underbrace{\pm 668,742}_{=} = \underbrace{\pm 1,173,488}_{=}$	Example: Kouno Store	Completing your return
$\begin{array}{l} \underbrace{\pm 504,746}_{0} + \underbrace{\pm 0}_{0} = \underbrace{\pm 504,746}_{0} \\ \hline \text{Local consumption}_{\text{tax calculation}} \\ \hline Local $	The subtotal of deductible tax is obtained as follows.	Calculation
$\frac{1}{304,740} + \frac{1}{90} - \frac{1}{304,740}$ The subtotal of deductible tax (Enter the value in ⑦(column C) of Schedule 1-3) $\frac{1}{504,740} + \frac{1}{90} = \frac{1}{90} \frac{668,742}{668,742}$ $\frac{1}{90} + \frac{1}{90} = \frac{1}{90} \frac{668,742}{668,742} = \frac{1}{1,173,488}$ Other items	6.24% tax rate applicable (Enter the value in ⑦(column A) of Schedule 1-3)	
$\begin{array}{l} \underbrace{\texttt{¥}_{668,742}}_{\texttt{F}} + \underbrace{\texttt{0}}_{\texttt{0}} = \underbrace{\texttt{4}_{668,742}}_{\texttt{0}} \\ \hline \texttt{Enter the value in } \bigcirc (\texttt{column C}) \text{ of Schedule 1-3}) \\ \underbrace{\texttt{4}_{504,746}}_{\texttt{F}} + \underbrace{\texttt{4}_{668,742}}_{\texttt{0}} = \underbrace{\texttt{1}_{1,173,488}}_{\texttt{1,173,488}} \\ \hline \texttt{Other items} \end{array}$	$\pm 504,746 + \pm 0 + \pm 0 = \pm 504,746$	
$\frac{4668,742}{1} + 40 = 40 = 400$ in the return form (Page 1 and Page 2) $\frac{504,746}{1} + \frac{668,742}{1} = \frac{1,173,488}{1,173,488}$ Other items	7.8% tax rate applicable (Enter the value in ⑦(column B) of Schedule 1-3)	
The subtotal of deductible tax(Enter the value in \textcircled{O} (column C) of Schedule 1-3)(Page 1 and Page 2) $\underbrace{4504,746}_{504,746} + \underbrace{4668,742}_{504,746} = \underbrace{1,173,488}_{504,746}$ Other items	$\pm 668,742 + \pm 0 + \pm 0 = \pm 668,742$	
	The subtotal of deductible tax (Enter the value in ⑦(column C) of Schedule 1-3)	
	$\pm \underline{504,746} + \pm \underline{668,742} = \pm \underline{1,173,488}$	Other items

step.21 Calculate the balance or the amount of tax refundable for insufficient deduction

Calculate the balance by subtracting the subtotal of deductible tax from the consumption taxes on taxable sales (the sum of the consumption tax and the amount of tax adjustment for excess deduction) and enter the result in ③ of Schedule 1-3.

"②Amount of consumption tax"	+ "③Amount of tax adjustment for excess deduction"	 "⑦Subtotal of deductible tax" 	= " ⁽⁹⁾ Balance"* *rounded down to the nearest ¥100
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If the result of calculation using the above formula is negative, you may claim a refund. For such as case, calculate the amount of tax refundable for insufficient deduction using the formula below and enter the result in (8) of Schedule 1-3.

	"⑦Subtotal of	"②Amount of consumption tax"	- "3Amount of tax adjustment for = excess deduction"	" [®] Amount of tax refundable for insufficient deduction"	
--	---------------	------------------------------	--	---	--

Example: Kouno Store

The balance is obtained as follows. (Enter the value in (9) of Schedule 1-3)

 $\pm 1,434,529 + \pm 0 - \pm 1,173,488 = \pm 261,041$

 $\neq 261,041 \rightarrow \neq 261,000$ (rounded down to the nearest $\neq 100$)